

確率統計☆演習 I Trial L09

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1

確率変数 X は二項分布 $B(6, 0.2)$ にしたがう.

1. 確率 $P(X = 4)$ を求めよう.
2. 母平均値 $E[X]$ を求めよう.
3. 母分散 $V[X]$ を求めよう.

2

確率変数 X_1, \dots, X_{100} は $\mu = E[X_i] = 3, \sigma^2 = V[X_i] = 7$ の独立同分布に従う.
次の確率変数の母平均値, 母分散を答えよう.

1. 確率変数 $A = \frac{1}{100}(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + \dots + X_{100})$
2. 確率変数 $B = \frac{1}{10}(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + \dots + X_{100} - 100 \cdot 3)$

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3

確率変数 X, Y は独立で, $E[X] = 2, V[X] = 3, E[Y] = 10, V[Y] = 30$ を満たす.

1. $E[4X + 7Y + 3]$ を求めよう.
2. $V[2X - Y]$ を求めよう.
3. $E[X^2Y]$ を求めよう.

12点満点. × N:NG ワード/アイデア, × P:過程なし, × か:考え方の誤り, × き:記号の誤り, × け:計算ミス

略解

1

$$1. {}_6C_4 \cdot 0.2^4(1 - 0.2)^2 = 0.01536 = \frac{15 \cdot 16}{5^6} = \frac{48}{5^5}$$

$$2. 6 \times 0.2 = 1.2.$$

$$3. 6 \times 0.2 \times (1 - 0.2) = 0.96$$

2

母平均値は, $E[aX_i + bX_j + c] = aE[X_i] + bE[X_j] + c$, 母分散は, $X_i, X_j (i \neq j)$ は独立なので $V[aX_i + bX_j + c] = a^2V[X_i] + b^2V[X_j]$ の式を繰り返し使えば求められる.

$$1. E[A] = \frac{1}{100}(E[X_1] + \cdots + E[X_{100}]) = \frac{1}{100}(\mu + \cdots + \mu) = \mu = 3. V[A] = \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^2(V[X_1] + \cdots + V[X_{100}]) = \frac{1}{100^2}(\sigma^2 + \cdots + \sigma^2) = \frac{\sigma^2}{100}.$$

$$2. E[B] = \frac{1}{10}(E[X_1] + \cdots + E[X_{100}]) - \frac{100 \cdot \mu}{10} E[1] = \frac{100\mu}{10} - \frac{100\mu}{10} = 0. \\ V[B] = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^2(V[X_1] + \cdots + V[X_{100}]) = \frac{100\sigma^2}{100} = \sigma^2 = 7.$$

なお, $W = \frac{\frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \cdots + X_n) - \mu}{\sqrt{\sigma^2/n}}$ は, $E[W] = 0, V[W] = 1$ にしたがう.

3

1. $E[4X + 7Y + 3] = 4E[X] + 7E[Y] + 3 = 81.$
2. $V[2X - Y] = 2^2V[X] + (-1)^2V[Y] = 42.$
3. $E[X^2Y] = E[X^2] \times E[Y] = (V[X] + E[X]^2) \times E[Y] = 70.$